

LECTIN BLOOD GROUPING REAGENTS  
INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE

Anti-N Lectin: For Tube and Bio-Rad-ID Techniques.

SUMMARY

The N antigen is part of the MNSs system and was reported in 1927. Anti-N generally reacts at room temperature and so is rarely implicated in Haemolytic Transfusion Reactions and Haemolytic Disease of the Newborn.

Anti-M	Anti-N	Phenotype	Caucasians <sup>1</sup>	Afro-Americans <sup>1</sup>
+	0	M+N-	28%	25.5%
+	+	M+N+	50%	48.4%
0	+	M-N+	22%	26.7%

INTENDED PURPOSE

The reagent is a blood grouping reagent intended to be used to qualitatively determine the presence or absence of the N antigen (MNS2) on the red cells of blood donors or patients requiring a blood transfusion when tested in accordance with the recommended techniques stated in this IFU.

PRINCIPLE

The reagent contains glycoproteins of *Vicia unijuga* leaf origin that will cause agglutination (clumping) of red cells, which carry the N antigen, after centrifugation. No agglutination (no clumping) generally indicates the absence of the N antigen (see **Limitations**).

REAGENT

Lorne Anti-N Lectin blood grouping reagent is prepared from an extract of *Vicia unijugaleaves*, diluted with a sodium chloride solution containing bovine albumin. The reagent does not contain or consist of CMR substances, or endocrine disrupting substances or that could result in sensitisation or an allergic reaction by the user. The reagent is supplied at optimal dilution for use with all recommended techniques stated below without the need for further dilution or addition. For lot reference number and expiry date see **Vial Label**.

STORAGE

Reagent vials should be stored at 2 - 8°C on receipt. Prolonged storage at temperatures outside this range may result in accelerated loss of reagent reactivity. This reagent has undergone in-use and transportation stability studies at 37°C and -25°C as described in document BS EN ISO 23640:2015.

SAMPLE COLLECTION AND PREPARATION

Blood samples can be collected into EDTA anticoagulants or as a clotted sample. The samples should be tested as soon as possible following collection. If a delay in testing should occur, store the samples at 2-8°C. Samples displaying gross haemolysis or microbial contamination should not be used for testing. Blood samples showing evidence of lysis may give unreliable results. It is preferable (but not essential) to wash all blood samples with PBS or Isotonic saline before being tested.

PRECAUTIONS

- The reagent is intended for *in vitro* diagnostic use only.
- If a reagent vial is cracked or leaking, discard the contents immediately.
- Do not use the reagent past the expiration date (see **Vial Label**).
- Do not use the reagent if a precipitate is present.
- Protective clothing should be worn when handling the reagents, such as disposable gloves and a laboratory coat.
- The reagent has been filtered through a 0.2 µm capsule to reduce the bio-burden but is not supplied sterile. Once a vial has been opened the contents should remain viable up until the expiry date as long as there is no marked turbidity, which can indicate reagent deterioration or contamination.
- The reagent contains 0.1% sodium azide. Sodium azide may be toxic if ingested and may react with lead and copper plumbing to form explosive metal azides. On disposal flush away with large volumes of water.
- No known tests can guarantee that products derived from human, or animal sources are free from infectious agents. Care must be taken in the use and disposal of each vial and its contents.
- The bovine materials are obtained from sources for which origin information is available. The donor animals for bovine material have been inspected and certified disease free and are deemed to have low TSE (Transmissible Spongiform Encephalopathy) risk.
- Once the vial content is used, discard the empty vial in a yellow burn bin.

DISPOSAL OF REAGENT AND DEALING WITH SPILLAGES

Manage waste according to local, state, and national regulations. For more information on disposal of the reagent and decontamination of a spillage site see **Material Safety Data Sheets**, available on request.

CONTROLS AND ADVICE

- A positive control (ideally heterozygous cells) and a negative control shall be tested in parallel with each batch of tests. Tests must be considered invalid if controls do not show expected results.
- Before use, let the reagent warm up to room temperature. As soon as the reagent has been used, put the reagent back in storage at 2-8°C.
- In the **Recommended Techniques** one volume is approximately 50µl when using the vial dropper provided.
- Use of reagent and interpretation of results must be carried out by trained and qualified personnel in accordance with the requirements of the country

where the reagent is in use. The user must determine suitability of the reagent for use in other techniques.

- The reagent is used in a manual test procedure. It is the responsibility of the end user to determine the suitability of the device in other techniques and/or test systems.
- Where applicable, the use of calibrated or verified equipment is required.
- If a serious incident has occurred (as defined in relevant regulations) which can be attributed to Lorne's reagent than the end user of the reagent must immediately report this to the manufacturer and the Competent Authority of the country where the incident took place.

REAGENTS AND MATERIALS REQUIRED BUT NOT SUPPLIED

Tube Technique

- Glass test tubes (10 x 75 mm or 12 x 75 mm).
- Test tube centrifuge capable of spinning at 1000 g for 20 seconds.
- Water bath or dry heat incubator equilibrated to 37°C ± 2°C.
- PBS solution (pH 6.8-7.2) or Isotonic saline solution (pH 6.5-7.5).
- Positive (ideally M+N+) and negative (M+M+) control red cells.

Bio-Rad-ID Micro Typing Technique

- Bio-Rad ID-Cards (NaCl, Enzyme test and Cold Agglutinins).
- Bio-Rad ID-Centrifuge.
- Bio-Rad ID-CellStab or ID-Diluent 2.
- Bio-Rad ID-Incubator equilibrated at 37°C ± 2°C.

All Techniques

- Volumetric pipettes.

RECOMMENDED TECHNIQUES

A. Tube Technique

- Prepare a 2-3% suspension of red cells in PBS or Isotonic saline.
- Place in a labelled test tube: 1 volume of Lorne reagent and 1 volume of red cell suspension.
- Mix thoroughly and then incubate at 37°C for 15 minutes.
- Centrifuge all the tubes for 20 seconds at 1000 rcf or for a suitable alternative time and force.
- Gently resuspend red cell button and read macroscopically for agglutination

B. Bio-Rad ID Micro Typing Technique

- Prepare a 0.8% suspension of red cells in ID-CellStab or ID-Diluent 2.
- Remove aluminium foil from as many microtubes on a Bio-Rad NaCl, Enzyme test and Cold Agglutinins gel card as needed.
- Place in appropriate microtube: 50 µl of red cell suspension and 25µl of Lorne reagent.
- Incubate the ID-Card(s) for 15 minutes at 37°C.
- Centrifuge ID-Card(s) in a Bio-Rad ID centrifuge.
- Read macroscopically for agglutination.

INTERPRETATION OF TEST RESULTS

- Positive:** Agglutination of red cells constitutes a positive test result and within the accepted limitations of the test procedure, indicates the presence of the N antigen on the red cells.
- Negative:** No agglutination of the red cells constitutes a negative result and within the accepted limitations of the test procedure, indicates the absence of the N antigen on the red cells.

STABILITY OF THE REACTIONS

- Tube tests must be read immediately after centrifugation. Delays may cause dissociation of antigen-antibody complexes leading to false negative or weak positive reactions.
- Caution should be exercised in the interpretation of results of tests performed at temperatures other than those recommended.

LIMITATIONS

- In case of ambiguous results, it is recommended to wash red blood cells at least 2 times.
- Stored blood may give weaker reactions than fresh blood.
- False positive or false negative results may also occur due to:
  - Contamination of test materials
  - Improper storage, cell concentration, incubation time or temperature
  - Improper or excessive centrifugation
  - Deviation from the recommended techniques

SPECIFIC PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

- The reagent is intended for use with human blood samples.
- Prior to release, each lot of this reagent was tested using the recommended test methods listed in this IFU. The tests complied with the test requirements as stated in the "Guidelines for the Blood Transfusion Services in the United Kingdom."
- The Quality Control of the reagents was performed using red cells with phenotypes that were verified by a UK blood transfusion centre and had been washed with PBS or Isotonic saline prior to use.

DISCLAIMER

- 1. The end user is responsible for the performance of the reagent by any method other than those mentioned in the **Recommended Techniques**.
- 2. Any deviations from the **Recommended Techniques** should be validated prior to use<sup>5</sup>.









BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. Marion E.Reid & Christine Lomas-Francis, Blood Group Antigens & Antibodies, SBB Books, New York 2007; Page 190.
- 2. Issitt PD. Applied Blood Group Serology, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition. Montgomery Scientific, Miami 1985; Chapter 14.
- 3. AABB Technical Manual, 16<sup>th</sup> edition, AABB 2008.
- 4. Guidelines for the Blood Transfusion Service in the United Kingdom, 6<sup>th</sup> Edition 2002. The Stationary Office.
- 5. British Committee for Standards in Haematology, Blood Transfusion Task Force. Recommendations for evaluation, validation, and implementation of new techniques for blood grouping, antibody screening and cross matching. Transfusion Medicine, 1995, 5, 145-150.

AVAILABLE REAGENT SIZES

	Vial Size	Catalogue Number	Tests per vial
Anti-N Lectin	2 ml	312002	40

TABLE OF SYMBOLS

Symbol	Definition	Symbol	Definition
	Manufacturer		Catalogue number
	Temperature limitation		Use by YYYY-MM-DD
	In vitro diagnostic medical device		Consult instructions for use.
	Authorised Representative		Lot number



**Lorne Laboratories Limited**  
Unit 1 Cutbush Park Industrial Estate  
Danehill, Lower Earley, Berkshire, RG6 4UT, United Kingdom  
Tel: +44 (0) 118 921 2264  
Fax: +44 (0) 118 986 4518  
E-mail: info@lornelabs.com



**Advena Ltd.** Tower Business Centre, 2<sup>nd</sup> Flr.,  
Tower Street, Swatar, BKR 4013, Malta